

CLASSIFICATION CONFIDENTIAL~~Polish Occupied Germany~~ Poland

REPORT

1. Admission of Germans to the Polish Officer's Career
2. Troops in Hindenburg (Zabrze) and Military Registration
3. Polish Troops in Beuthen (Bytom)

25X1

EVALUATION

PLACE OBTAINED

DATE OF CONTENT

25X1

DATE OBTAINED

DATE PREPARED 21 July 1955

25X1

REFERENCES

PAGES 2 ENCLOSURES (NO. & TYPE)

25X1

REMARKS

This is UNEVALUATED Information

25X1

1. An ethnic German who, in late October 1954, was drafted into the Polish Armed Forces and assigned to a unit stationed at Stettin (O 54/Q 55) was requested by his unit to apply for admission to an officer's career. This individual who had attended a technical college had already completed his training for the engineer's profession. He was a Polish citizen against his free will. At about the same time, a friend of this engineer who was also a German, but had not attended a technical college was inducted and assigned to a labor battalion. 1

2. No recruiting district headquarters (WKR) was located in the area of the Hindenburg (Q 51/Y 47) station. Office rooms of the military department (Wydział Wojskowy) which was staffed with civilians were located on the fourth floor of the new city house on the west side of ul. Powstancow. This office kept card indexes on the civilian population which were subdivided by classes. Whoever had the police register a change of his residence, had previously to report to this office where the entry in the card-index was changed accordingly. At certain target dates, the military department also had to submit to the Gleiwitz (Q 51/Y 37) lists which indicated the names of the individuals subject to registration for the draft. The department also kept lists of those individuals who were previously deferred from active military service. Examinations for the draft were held in Hindenburg by committees who came from the Gleiwitz WKR. The head of the military department of the municipal administration, named Julius Schlachta, was a member of the UB (Security Police). 2

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3. The occupation of the military billets in Hindenburg was not specified. It was only known that the former Polizei Kaserne quartered a unit wearing khaki uniforms which was equipped with guns. In about the fall of 1953, a high brick wall was constructed around this installation.

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Prior to December 1954, other troops who also wore khaki uniforms were located in the former Schuetzenhaus (rifle-clubhouse). 3

4. Prior to January 1955, the barracks installation on the northern perimeter of Beuthen (Q 51/Y 58) and on the west side of ul. Mickiewicza (formerly Friedrich Strasse) was generally called the Flak Kaserne. Last in 1953, four guns which were similar to 37-mm AA guns were observed from a distance in the area of the installation. 4
5. In late 1954, it was rumored among the labor force of the pits and the soldiers of the labor troops in and around Beuthen that these units were scheduled to disband. The soldiers gladly expected relief from their hard labor. Prior to January 1955, however, the previous conditions remained unchanged. The military labor units still worked at the pits. 5

1. Comment. The request made to a German soldier for admission to the officer's career tends to indicate that it has become difficult to obtain a sufficient number of officer candidates. It is believed, however, that Polish citizenship has been decisive also in the subject case. *that he should*

2. Comment. A previous report has identified the office in the city house in Hindenburg as a branch of the Gleiwitz recruiting district headquarters.

3. Comment. Several previous reports indicate that the former Polizei Kaserne quarters an AAA unit. A previous report dating from April 1952 has mentioned an engineer unit as located in the former Schuetzenhaus (rifle-clubhouse).

4. Comment. The barracks installation on the northern perimeter of Beuthen is the only installation in the area of the station which quarters troops on active military service. Observations made prior to March 1954 indicate that component units of a rifle regiment which presumably belongs to the 7th Rifle Div have been quartered in the installation. Older information, however, indicates that AAA men are located in these billets. The situation is undetermined.

5. Comment. No previous information indicates any changes at the labor troops in the Beuthen area.

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